

Our Lady Mother of the Saviour

Year Five New Curriculum Assessment Grid

Number Place Value	Number Addition Subtraction	Number Multiplication Division	Number Fractions	Measurement	Geometry Properties of Shape	Geometry Position and Direction	Statistics
<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit <input type="checkbox"/> count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 <input type="checkbox"/> interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero <input type="checkbox"/> round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 <input type="checkbox"/> solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above <input type="checkbox"/> read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) <input type="checkbox"/> add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers <input type="checkbox"/> use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy <input type="checkbox"/> solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers <input type="checkbox"/> know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers <input type="checkbox"/> establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 <input type="checkbox"/> multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers <input type="checkbox"/> multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts <input type="checkbox"/> divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context <input type="checkbox"/> multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number <input type="checkbox"/> identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths <input type="checkbox"/> recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, $5 \frac{2}{5}$] <input type="checkbox"/> add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number <input type="checkbox"/> multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams <input type="checkbox"/> read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$] <input type="checkbox"/> recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents <input type="checkbox"/> round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place <input type="checkbox"/> read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places <input type="checkbox"/> solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <input type="checkbox"/> recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal <input type="checkbox"/> solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of 2 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) <input type="checkbox"/> understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints <input type="checkbox"/> measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres <input type="checkbox"/> calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes <input type="checkbox"/> estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] <input type="checkbox"/> solve problems involving converting between units of time 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations <input type="checkbox"/> know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles <input type="checkbox"/> draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) <input type="checkbox"/> identify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) <input type="checkbox"/> angles at a point on a straight line and 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 a turn (total 180°) <input type="checkbox"/> other multiples of 90° <input type="checkbox"/> use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles <input type="checkbox"/> distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph <input type="checkbox"/> complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.

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			<p>1, 4 1, 5 1, 5 2, 5 4 and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling.</p>			
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